

EMS System for Metropolitan Oklahoma City and Tulsa 2017 Medical Control Board Treatment Protocols



EMS SECTION

Approved 11/9/16, Effective 2/1/17, replaces all prior versions

TREATMENT PRIORITIES

- 1. Vital signs
- 3. Dextrose for hypoglycemia
- 4. Benzodiazepine for sustained, active seizure (refer to 6D Seizure if applicable)

Evaluate differential diagnosis of AMS & treat per protocol(s):

- Hypoxemia (Shock)
- Head Injury
- Stroke
- Seizure
- Infection (Sepsis/ Meningitis)
 - Medication/Alcohol
- Heat or Cold Illness

6B - ALTERED MENTAL STATUS ADULT & PEDIATRIC

EMD

KEEP PATIENT FREE FROM INJURY HAZARDS AVOID PLACING ANYTHING IN MOUTH PLACE IN RECOVERY POSITION POST SEIZURE

GENERAL SUPPORTIVE CARE & OBTAIN VITAL SIGNS O2 VIA NC. NRB. OR BVM AS APPROPRIATE

TOXINS/DRUG OVERDOSE - SUSPECTED NARCOTIC/OPIATE APNEIC/AGONALLY BREATHING

ADULT: NALOXONE 2 mg IN, MAY REPEAT ONCE PEDIATRIC: NALOXONE 0.5 mg IN, MAY REPEAT TO MAX OF 2 mg **INEFFECTIVE BREATHING ACTIVITY**

ADULT & PEDIATRIC: NALOXONE 0.5 mg IN, MAY REPEAT TO MAX OF 2 mg USE NALOXONE TO RESTORE EFFECTIVE BREATHING; AVOID EXCESSIVE DOSING TO PREVENT WITHDRAWAL

> **DETERMINE BLOOD GLUCOSE** FOR PATIENT ABLE TO SWALLOW

ADULT & PEDIATRIC WEIGHT ≥25 kg HYPOGLYCEMIA CARE: IF GLUCOSE <50 mg/dL, 1 tube ORAL GLUCOSE (15 grams) PO PEDIATRIC WEIGHT <2 5kg HYPOGLYCEMIA CARE:

IF GLUCOSE <50 mg/dL, ½ tube ORAL GLUCOSE (7.5 grams) PO

APPLY CARDIAC MONITOR (if equipped)

EMT OR HIGHER LICENSE:

MEASURE END-TIDAL CO₂ & MONITOR WAVEFORM CAPNOGRAPHY (if equipped, **Mandatory use if pt intubated)
PLACE SUPRAGLOTTIC AIRWAY IF INDICATED & ONLY IF BVM VENTILATIONS INEFFECTIVE

EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCHER EMERGENCY MEDICAL RESPONDER EMT EMT-INTERMEDIATE 85

> ADVANCED EMT **PARAMEDIC**

EMT-185 AEMT

IV ACCESS

ADULT: IV NS TKO IF SYS BP ≥ 100 mmHg WITHOUT HYPOTENSIVE SYMPTOMS

ADULT: IV NS 250 mL BOLUS IF SYS BP <100 mmHg WITH HYPOTENSIVE SYMPTOMS & NO SIGNS OF PULMONARY EDEMA ADULT: REPEAT UP TO 2 LITERS NS IF SYS BP REMAINS < 100 mmHg WITH HYPOTENSIVE SYMPTOMS & NO SIGNS OF PULMONARY EDEMA PEDIATRIC: IV NS TKO IF SYS BP ≥ (70 + 2x age in years) mmHg

PEDIATRIC: IV NS 20 mL/kg BOLUS IF SYS BP < (70 + 2x age in years) mmHg IF NO SIGNS OF PULMONARY EDEMA

ADULT & PEDIATRIC WEIGHT ≥25 kg HYPOGLYCEMIA CARE:

IF GLUCOSE <50 mg/dL, D50 1 mL/kg IVP UP TO 50 mL OR D10 25 grams in 250 mL of NS IVPB WIDE OPEN UP TO 250 mL GLUCAGON 1 mg IM IF NO VASCULAR ACCESS OBTAINED

PEDIATRIC WEIGHT <25 kg HYPOGLYCEMIA CARE:

IF GLUCOSE <50 mg/dL, D25 2 mL/kg IVP UP TO 50 mL OR D10 25 grams in 250 mL of NS IVPB WIDE OPEN UP TO 125 mL GLUCĂGON 0.5 mg IM IF NO VASCULAR ACCESS OBTAINED

ADULT & PEDIATRIC: REPEAT DETERMINATION OF BLOOD GLUCOSE POST-DEXTROSE TREATMENT

ADULT: INTUBATE IF INDICATED; DO NOT INTUBATE PATIENTS WITH RAPIDLY REVERSIBLE ETIOLOGY (eg. HYPOGLYCEMIA, OPIATES)

ADVANCED EMT OR HIGHER LICENSE:

TOXINS/DRUG OVERDOSE - SUSPECTED NARCOTIC/OPIATE - APNEIC/AGONALLY BREATHING

ADULT: NALOXONE 2 mg IVP/IOP/IN, MAY REPEAT ONCE

PEDIATRIC: NALOXONE 0.5 mg IVP/IOP/IN, MAY REPEAT TO MAX OF 2 mg
TOXINS/DRUG OVERDOSE – SUSPECTED NARCOTIC/OPIATE – INEFFECTIVE BREATHING ACTIVITY

ADULT & PEDIATRIC: NALOXONE 0.5 mg IVP/IOP/IN, MAY REPEAT TO MAX OF 2 mg
USE NALOXONE TO RESTORE EFFECTIVE BREATHING; AVOID EXCESSIVE DOSING TO PREVENT WITHDRAWAL

PARAMEDIC

ADULT: MEDICATION-ASSISTED INTUBATION IF INDICATED

CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT & TREATMENT OF SUSPECTED AMS ETIOLOGY PER APPLICABLE PROTOCOL(S) CONSULT OLMC IF ABOVE TREATMENT INEFFECTIVE FOR HYPOGLYCEMIA OR NARCOTIC/OPIATE ETIOLOGY CONSULT OLMC IF UNCERTAIN OF ETIOLOGY AND TREATMENT PLAN OF AMS